

The Virginia Journal

AND

ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA
CONGERITUR

VIRG.

(VOL. I.)

THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1784.

(No. 19.)

Just arrived in the Ship Tyger, Capt. Harrison, from London, and to be Sold on the most moderate Terms, by Wholesale, at the Store of **WILLIAMS, CARY, and WILLIAMS,** On Capt. Harper's Wharf,

A large and elegant Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the Season, viz. English superfine broadcloths of various colours, second and coarse ditto of all colours, cassimers, coatings, tammies, durants, shalloons, rattinets, camlets, moreens, calamancoes, black and white Italian crapes, florentine silks for breeches and waistcoats, corduroy, royal ribs, velvets, Dutch cords, plain and spotted jeans, fustians, plain and flowered dimities, corded and muslin ditto, plain and flowered Marseilles quilting, bordered ditto, linen and cotton checks of all widths and qualities, bed bunts, Flanders ticks, elegant patterns of calicoes and chintzes, low priced printed linens and cottons, 4-4 and 7-8 of yard wide Irish linens of all prices, Russia sheeting, German and British osnaburghs, mens' and womens' cotton and thread stockings, silk ditto, boys' and girls' cotton and thread ditto, mens' and womens' gloves, plain, figured and striped ribbons of all colours; satin ditto, lute-strings of all sorts, Perfians, farlenets, modes of all kinds, silk handkerchiefs of all kinds and colours, muslins of all sorts, cambricks, lawns, gauzes of all kinds, sewing silk, buckrams of all sorts, crewels assorted, worsted bindings, tapes and threads of all sorts, pins, needles, all kinds of haberdashery, all sorts of mens' and womens' hats, ditto boys' ditto, stationary, Mens' boots and shoes, womens' and boys' shoes of all sorts, all articles in the ironmongery branch, earthen and glass ware of all kinds, bohea and other teas, spices, saddlery, drugs of all sorts, Port wine and porter in bottles, shot, all kinds of sail cloth, &c. &c. &c.
Alexandria, May 25, 1784.

FOR SALE, for Cash, Tobacco, Indian Corn, Wheat, or Flour,

ABOUT Eight Hundred Acres of Land, 200 of which lies on the Sugar Lands, Maryland, about three or four miles from Leesburg, and is exceeding good, well watered and timbered; the remainder lies in Fairfax County, not more than 15 miles from Alexandria, well watered and timbered.—Also, a HOUSE and LOT in Alexandria.—For Terms apply to the Subscriber.

GERRARD T. CONN.

N. B. Certificates will be taken in part pay for any of the above property.
Alexandria, May 25, 1784.

Just imported from London, in the Ship Tyger, Capt. Harrison, and to be Sold at Wholesale and Retail, by

ROBERT LYLE,

Broadcloths, jeans, fustians, nankeens, Dutch cords, inferials, stuffs, muslins, cambricks, plain and spotted lawn handkerchiefs and aprons, flowered and striped Barcelona handkerchiefs, French and German linens, Irish ditto of all kinds, Russia and brown sheeting, Russia drabs and bed-ticks, black gauze and mode for bonnets, chintzes, calicoes, osnaburghs, playing cards, writing-paper, pins and needles, china cups and saucers, queen's ware of all kinds, glass ditto, tea-kettles and coffee-pots, pestles and mortars, mens', boys' and womens' leather shoes; womens' and girls' calamanco ditto, bar-iron, steel, nails, hyson, fouchong, green, congo and bohea teas; powder and shot, mens' and womens' silk and thread stockings, balloon hats, chip ditto, full trimmed bonnets, fashionable stays, fans, black and white satin cloaks, saddles and saddlery, Jamaica and French sugars, Jamaica spirits, French brandy, loaf sugar, Madeira, Malaga and Catalonia wines, and a variety of other articles.
Alexandria, May 26, 1784.

Alexandria, June 2, 1784.

Just imported in the last Vessels from Europe, and to be Sold by

SAMUEL and THOMAS HANSON,

On the lowest Terms by Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, or Country Produce, at the Store lately occupied by Mr. John Sutton,

A large Assortment of GOODS.

They want, as an Apprentice, a Lad of good character and reputable connections.

Alexandria, June 1, 1784.

St. Mary's County, May 25, 1784.

RAN away from the Subscriber on the 20th inst. a bright Mulatto FELLOW, called NACE, 22 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, and well made: He took with him a coarse blue cloth jacket, without skirts, double breasted, with leather buttons, and lined with white flannel; a pair of old white jean breeches, new osnaburg shirt, and a felt hat—has a scar in his forehead, a long bushy head of hair, speaks quick, is an artful fellow, has been used as a waiter, and probably will attempt to pass as a freeman, and endeavour to get on board some vessel at Baltimore or Alexandria.—A Reward of THREE POUNDS, current money, will be given to any person who will secure him and bring him home, and if taken up out of this State and brought home, FIVE POUNDS like money, paid by

HENRY NEALE.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are forbid harbouring or carrying off said Fellow at their peril.



THE Ship Paragon, HENRY

HUGHES, Master, a new strong Vessel, well found, and in complete Order, will take in Tobacco on Freight, and carry Passengers to Amsterdam, and will soon fail, having the greatest Part of her Cargo ready to put on Board.—For Terms apply to

HOOE and HARRISON.

Storage for all Kinds of Goods may be had at our Warehouse on easy Terms.

Alexandria May 25 1784.

RAN away from the Subscriber (living near the Cross-Roads by Capt. Lewis Ellzey's, in Fairfax County, Virginia) on Sunday morning, the 23d of May last, two likely well set country born Negro Men, one by the name of JAMES, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, 25 years of age, middling black, a down looking countenance and flow of speech: Had on and took with him, a half worn felt hat, an old negro cotton waistcoat and breeches, an osnaburg shirt, an old country cloth coat of cotton chain, filled with ash thread, and pieced between the shoulders.—The other named TONEY, of a yellow complexion, about the same height of James, bold spoken, and about 19 years of age: Had on an half worn felt hat, an old Negro cotton waistcoat and breeches, old shoes, and an osnaburg shirt.—Whoever will apprehend the above described Fellows, so that I get them again, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS Reward, if taken 18 miles from home, if 20 miles Eight Dollars, and if 30 miles or upwards Ten Dollars, and all reasonable charges, paid by

RICHARD SIMPSON.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are forbid harbouring or carrying off said Slaves.

It is suspected they are stolen.

June 1, 1784.

JAMES RUMSEY,

WHO undertook last Season to erect the new Baths over the Warm Springs in Berkely County, begs leave to inform the public that the same will be completed in an elegant Manner against the present Season.

June 1, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A Two story STONE HOUSE, in the town of Leesburg, in Loudon County, Virginia, situate on the Main Street, leading from Winchester to Alexandria, is well calculated for public or private business, and was formerly a Tavern, known by the name of the Red Lion; it has a good cellar under the whole, with a good kitchen, smoke-house, warehouse, stable, an excellent draw well, and a large garden.—Said Lot contains an half acre.—Also, a Tract of Land, adjoining the town of Leesburg, containing 250 acres, suitable for planting or farming, on which is a large framed barn, and a small log-house.—Likewise, 270 acres of Land, lying on the east side of the Ke-tokton Mountain, in said county, about 8 miles from Leesburg, and 12 from Noland's Ferry. Apply to

H. McCABE.

Leesburg, June 1, 1784.

MY wife ELIZABETH, after repeated instances of undutiful behaviour, having at length eloped from my bed and board, notice is hereby given, that I will pay no debts contracted by her from this day; and all persons are forewarned from countenancing her vile practices at their peril.

Alexandria, June 2.

MARTIN ANDRES.

THE Subscriber has for Sale in the Town of Leesburg, Nine Quarter Acre Lots, on which are several Houses.—Also, a small Lot, 40 Feet front by 81 Feet deep, Part of No. 1.—Likewise, a young Negro Woman with a young Child, a very fine Waggon and Team, and an elegant young Horse, about 16 Hands high, suitable for either Saddle or Carriage.—Apply to

PATRICK CAVAN.

Leesburg, May 20, 1784.

JOHN FITZGERALD,

Has just imported in the Ship Potomack, Capt. Bradstreet, from London, and to be Sold by Wholesale only,

A General Assortment of EUROPEAN GOODS, suitable to the Season.

He has also for Sale, Malaga and Catalonia Wines by the Quarter Cask, Pepper by the Bag, Olives by the Jar, Sweet Oil in Hampers of one Dozen each, White Wine Vinegar by the Hoghead, red and yellow Ochre, and a few Pieces of brown Irish Linens.

Alexandria, May 17, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A few Hogheads of excellent

JAMAICA SPIRITS.

Inquire of M. MADDEN.

Alexandria, May 15, 1784.

JOHN HUFF,

Post-Rider from Winchester to Alexandria, WILL leave Winchester on Tuesday Morning, every Week, and arrive at the Printing-Office, Alexandria, on Wednesday Evening, from which Place he will set off on his Return to Winchester through Leesburg, the next Day at Noon. If any Gentlemen should have Occasion for Business to be done by him they may depend on having it executed with Dispatch Punctuality and Care, as he has given Bond for his faithful Performance.

JAMES O'NEIL,

Post-Rider,

WILL leave the Printing-Office, in Alexandria, every Friday, about 12 o'clock, for the following places, viz. Piscataway, Port-Tobacco, Allen's-Fresh, Newport, Chaptico, Head of Clement's Bay and Leonard-Town.—Letters, &c. for any of the above-mentioned places must be left at the Printing-Office.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.

ON Tuesday last the General Meeting of the Society of the Cincinnati, which had convened in this city, on the 3d instant, and at which his Excellency General Washington presided, having accomplished their business, adjourned without day.

We are authorized to inform the public, that the following are the names of the gentlemen who attended as Delegates from the respective State-Societies, viz.

New-Hampshire.—Colonel Dearborn.
Massachusetts.—Major-General Knox, Colonel Hull, Major Sergeant.

Rhode-Island.—Colonel Ward.

Connecticut.—Colonel Trumbull, Colonel Humphrys.

New-York.—Brigadier General Cortlandt, Colonel W. S. Smith, Captain Fairlie.

New-Jersey.—Brigadier-General Dayton, Colonel Brearly, Captain Ogden, Captain Dayton.

Pennsylvania.—His Excellency President Dickinson, Brigadier-General Moylan, Colonel Robinson, Major Bowen, Capt. Claypoole.

Delaware.—Doctor Tilton, Major Moore.

Maryland.—Major-General Smallwood, Brigadier-General O. Williams, Colonel Ramfay.

Virginia.—Major-General Weedon, Col. Heth, Col. H. Lee.

North-Carolina.—Major Blount, Major M'Rea.
South-Carolina.—Col. Washington, Col. White, Major Turner.

Georgia.—Major Cuthbert, Major Lucas.

Before the adjournment of the General Meeting, the following gentlemen were elected to the offices annexed to their several names, viz.

His Excellency General Washington, President.

Major-General Gates, Vice-President.

Major-General Knox, Secretary.

Brigadier-General Williams, Assist. Sec'y.

We are happy in being able to gratify the public curiosity which has been considerably excited on this occasion, by communicating in this paper the circular letter, addressed by the General Meeting to the different State-Societies. As the characters, who composed this Convention, are well known to their countrymen; and as the reasons, which influenced their conduct from first to last, are before the public, we forbear to anticipate the opinions of our readers by any comments of our own.

(CIRCULAR.)

TO THE STATE-SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI,
In

GENTLEMEN,

We, the Delegates of the Cincinnati, after the most mature and deliberate discussion of the principles and objects of our Society, have thought proper to recommend that the enclosed, "Institution of the Society of the Cincinnati, as altered and amended at their first Meeting," should be adopted by your State-Society.

In order that our conduct on this occasion may stand approved in the eyes of the world, that we may not incur the imputations of obsequy on the one hand, or levity on the other, and that you may be induced more cheerfully to comply with our recommendation, we beg leave to communicate the reasons on which we have acted.

Previous to our laying them before you, we hold it a duty to ourselves and to our fellow-citizens to declare, and we call Heaven to witness the veracity of our declaration, that, in our whole agency on this subject, we have been actuated by the purest principles. Notwithstanding we are thus conscious for ourselves of the rectitude of our intentions in instituting or becoming Members of this Fraternity; and notwithstanding we are confident the highest evidence can be produced from your past, and will be given by your future behaviour, that you could not have been influenced by any other motives than those of friendship, patriotism, and benevolence: Yet, as our designs, in some respects, have been misapprehended; as the instrument of our association was of necessity drawn up in a hasty manner at an epocha as extraordinary as it will be memorable in the annals of mankind,—when the mind agitated by a variety of emotions, was not at liberty to attend minutely to every circumstance which respected our social connexion, or to digest our ideas into so correct a form as could have been wished; as the original institution appeared in the opinion of many respectable characters to have comprehended objects which are deemed incompatible with the genius and spirit of the confederation; and as in this case it would eventually frustrate our purposes, and be productive of consequences which we had not foreseen;—therefore, to remove every cause of inquietude, to annihilate every source of jealousy, to designate explicitly the ground on which we wish to stand, and to give one more proof that the late officers of the American army have a claim to be reckoned among the most faithful citizens, we have agreed that the following material alterations and amendments should take place; that the

hereditary succession should be abolished,—that all interference with political subjects should be done away,—and that the fund should be placed under the immediate cognizance of the several Legislatures, who should also be requested to grant charters for more effectually carrying our humane designs into execution.

In giving our reasons for the alteration in the first article, we must ask your indulgence while we recal your attention to the original occasion which induced us to form ourselves into a Society of Friends. Having lived in the strictest habits of amity, through the various stages of a war, unparalleled in many of its circumstances; having seen the objects for which we contended, happily attained; in the moment of triumph and separation, when we were about to act the last pleasing-melancholy scene in our military drama,—pleasing, because we were to leave our country possessed of independence and peace,—melancholy, because we were to part, perhaps never to meet again,—while every breast was penetrated with feelings which can be more easily conceived than described; while every little act of tenderness recurred fresh to the recollection; it was impossible not to wish our friendships should be continued; it was extremely natural to desire they might be perpetuated by our posterity to the remotest ages. With these impressions and with such sentiments, we candidly confess we signed the institution.—We know our motives were irreproachable.—But, finding it apprehended by many of our countrymen, that this would be drawing an unjustifiable line of discrimination between our descendants and the rest of the community, and averse to the creation of unnecessary and unpleasing distinctions, we could not hesitate to relinquish every thing but our personal friendships, of which we cannot be divested; and those acts of beneficence, which it is our intention should flow from them.

With views equally pure and disinterested, we proposed to use our collective influence in support of that government, and confirmation of that union, the establishment of which had engaged so considerable a part of our lives; but, learning, from a variety of information, that this is deemed an officious and improper interference, and that if we are not charged with having sinister designs, yet we are accused of arrogating too much and assuming the guardianship of the liberties of our country: Thus circumstanced, we could not think of opposing ourselves to the concurring opinions of our fellow-citizens, however founded, or of giving anxiety to those whose happiness it is our interest and duty to promote.

We come next to speak of the charitable part of our institution, which we esteem the basis of it. By placing your fund in the hands of the legislature of your state, and letting them see the application is to the best purposes, you will demonstrate the integrity of your actions, as well as the rectitude of your principles. And having convinced them your intentions are only of a friendly and benevolent nature, we are induced to believe they will patronize a design which they cannot but approve; that they will foster the good dispositions, and encourage the beneficent acts of those who are disposed to make use of the most effectual and most unexceptionable mode of relieving the distressed. For this purpose it is to be hoped that charters may be obtained in consequence of the applications which are directed to be made. It is also judged most proper that the admission of members should be submitted to the regulation of such charters; because, by thus acting in conformity to the sentiments of government, we not only give another instance of our reliance upon it, but of our disposition to remove every source of uneasiness respecting our society.

We trust it has not escaped your attention, gentlemen, that the only objects of which we are desirous to preserve the remembrance, are of such a nature as cannot be displeasing to our countrymen, or unprofitable to posterity: we have retained accordingly those devices which recognize the manner of returning to our citizenship; not as ostentatious marks of discrimination, but as pledges of our friendship, and emblems whose appearance will never permit us to deviate from the paths of virtue.—And we presume, in this place, it may not be inexpedient to inform you, that these are considered as the most endearing tokens of friendship, and held in the highest estimation by such of our allies as have become entitled to them, by having contributed their personal services to the establishment of our independence,—that these gentlemen who are among the first in rank and reputation, have been permitted by their sovereign to hold this grateful memorial of our reciprocal affections,—and that this fraternal intercourse is viewed by that illustrious Monarch, and other distinguished characters, as no small additional cement to that harmony and reciprocation of good offices, which so happily prevail between the two nations.

Having now relinquished whatever has been found objectionable in our original institution; hav-

ing by the deference thus paid to the prevailing sentiments of the community, neither, as we conceive, lessened the dignity nor diminished the consistency of character, which it is our ambition to support in the eyes of the present as well as of future generations; having thus removed every possible objection to our remaining connected as a society, and cherishing our mutual friendships to the close of life; and having as we flatter ourselves retained in its utmost latitude, and placed upon a more certain and permanent foundation, that primary article of our association which respects the unfortunate. On these two great original pillars, FRIENDSHIP and CHARITY, we rest our institution; and we appeal to your liberality, patriotism, and magnanimity,—to your conduct on every other occasion, as well as to the purity of your intentions on the present, for the ratification of our proceedings.—At the same time we are happy in expressing a full confidence in the candour, justice and integrity of the public, that the institution as now altered and amended will be perfectly satisfactory, and that acts of legislative authority will soon be passed to give efficacy to your benevolence.

Before we conclude this address, permit us to add, that the cultivation of that amity we profess and the extension of this charity, we flatter ourselves, will be objects of sufficient importance to prevent a relaxation in the prosecution of them—to diffuse comfort and support to any of our unfortunate companions, who have seen better days and merited a milder fate—to wipe the tear from the eye of the widow, who must have been consigned, with her helpless infants, to indigence and wretchedness, but for this charitable institution,—to succour the fatherless—to rescue the female orphan from destruction—to enable the son to emulate the virtues of his father, will be no unpleasing task; it will communicate happiness to others, while it increases our own; it will cheer our solitary reflections, and soothe our latest moments.—Let us, then, prosecute with ardour what we have instituted in sincerity; let Heaven and our own consciences approve our conduct; let our actions be the best comment on our words; and let us leave a lesson to posterity, that the glory of soldiers cannot be completed, without acting well the part of citizens.

Signed by order,

G. WASHINGTON, President.

Philadelphia, May 15, 1784.

THE INSTITUTION OF THE SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI, as altered and amended at their first General Meeting.

IT having pleased the SUPREME GOVERNOR OF the UNIVERSE, to give success to the arms of our country, and to establish the UNITED STATES FREE and INDEPENDENT: Therefore, gratefully to commemorate this event,—to inculcate to the latest ages the duty of laying down in peace, arms assumed for public defence, by forming an institution which recognizes that most important principle,—to continue the mutual friendships which commenced under the pressure of common danger,—and to effectuate the acts of beneficence, dictated by the spirit of brotherly kindness, towards those officers and their families, who unfortunately may be under the necessity of receiving them; the officers of the American army do hereby constitute themselves into A SOCIETY OF FRIENDS: And, possessing the highest veneration for the character of that illustrious Roman, LUCIUS QUINTIUS CINCINNATUS, denominated themselves

THE SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI.

SECTION I. THE persons who constitute this Society, are all the commissioned and brevet officers of the army and navy of the United States, who have served three years, and who left the service with reputation; all officers who were in actual service at the conclusion of the war; all the principal staff officers of the continental army; and the officers who have been deranged by the several resolutions of Congress, upon the different reforms of the army.

SECT. II. There are also admitted into this Society, the late and present Ministers of his Most Christian Majesty to the United States; all the Generals and Colonels of regiments and legions of the land forces; all the Admirals and Captains of the navy, ranking as Colonels, who have co-operated with the armies of the United States, in their exertions for Liberty; and such other persons as have been admitted by the respective State-Meetings.

SECT. III. The Society shall have a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Assistant Secretary.

SECT. IV. There shall be a meeting of the Society, at least once in three years, on the first Monday in May, at such place as the President shall appoint.

The said meeting shall consist of the *aforesaid* officers (whose expences shall be equally borne by the State funds) and a representation from each State.

The business of this General Meeting shall be,—to regulate the distribution of the surplus funds;—to appoint officers for the ensuing term,—and to conform the bye-laws of State-Meetings to the general objects of the institution.

SECT. V. The Society shall be divided into *State-Meetings*: Each meeting shall have a *President*, *Vice-President*, *Secretary* and *Treasurer*, respectively; to be chosen by a majority of votes annually.

SECT. VI. The *State-Meetings* shall be on the *Anniversary of Independence*. They shall concert such measures as may conduce to the benevolent purposes of the Society; and the several state-meetings shall, at suitable periods, make application to their respective legislatures for grants of charters.

SECT. VII. Any member removing from one state to another, is to be considered, in all respects, as belonging to the meeting of the state in which he shall actually reside.

SECT. VIII. The state-meeting shall judge of the qualification of its members, admonish, and (if necessary) *expel* any one who may conduct himself unworthily.

SECT. IX. The Secretary of each state-meeting shall register the names of the members resident in each state, and transmit a copy thereof to the Secretary of the Society.

SECT. X. In order to form funds for the relief of unfortunate members, their widows and orphans, each officer shall deliver to the treasurer of the state-meeting, one month's pay.

SECT. XI. No donations shall be received but from citizens of the *United States*.

SECT. XII. The funds of each state-meeting shall be loaned to the state, by permission of the legislature, and the interest only, annually to be applied for the purposes of the Society; and, if, in process of time, difficulties should occur in executing the intentions of the Society, the legislatures of the several states shall be requested to make such equitable dispositions as may be most correspondent with the original design of the institution.

SECT. XIII. The *Subjects of his Most Christian Majesty*, members of this Society, may hold meetings at their pleasure, and form regulations for their police, conformably to the objects of the institution, and to the spirit of their government.

SECT. XIV. The Society shall have an *Order*, which shall be a *Bald Eagle* of gold, bearing on its breast the emblems hereafter described, suspended by a deep blue ribbon edged with white, descriptive of the Union of America and France:

The principal Figure.

Cincinnatus; three Senators presenting him with a sword and other military ensigns;—on a field in the back ground, his wife standing at the door of their cottage; near it a plough, and other instruments of husbandry.

Round the Whole.

Omnia relinquunt servare Rempublicam.

On the Reverse.

Sun rising—a city with open gates, and vessels entering the port—Fame crowning Cincinnatus with a wreath, inscribed

Virtutis Præmium:

Below,

Hands joining, supporting a heart, with the motto,

Eſto perpetua:

Round the Whole.

Societas Cincinnatiarum instituta A. D.

M, DCC, LXXXIII.

SECT. XV. A *Silver Medal*, representing the emblems, to be given to each member of the Society; together with a *Diploma* on parchment, whereon shall be impressed the figures of the Order and Medal, as above mentioned.

HUNGARY, February 28.

THE 23d of last month, several violent shocks of an earthquake were felt in the county of Marmaroch; most of the houses of Marosch Sigeth have been damaged, and it is feared that they may have affected the salt-pits which supply the whole kingdom with salt.

Madrid, March 5. The overflowings of the rivers which traverse our provinces have occasioned frightful devastations. The Guadalavir especially has thrown down an infinite number of houses, and occasioned the greatest desolation in all the places which it has inundated.

Venice, March 6. The Bey of Tunis has broke the peace with this Republic, on account of our not making him presents four times more valuable than usual. The Senate immediately came to a resolution to send out a squadron of nine ships of the line, of 70 and 90 guns, four frigates and eight chebecs, to bring that Regency to reason, and to protect, at the same time, the Venetian flag in the Mediterranean, which is under the command of the Chevalier Emo, a noble Venetian, of the highest reputation in the marine of the Republic.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.

Tuesday afternoon we had a severe thunder-gust, in which the house of Samuel Wharton, Esq; opposite Almond-street, a wooden building near the House of Employment, and the ship America, Captain Keeler, lying at Huddell's wharf, were struck with lightning; as were two houses in Se-

cond-street; above Vine-street, in one of which a Mrs. Bock was killed; she had a child in her arms at the time, but it received no damage.

BALTIMORE, June 8.

Lately married, in Berkeley County, Virginia, the Hon. ALEXANDER WHITE, Esq; a Senator of that State, to the amiable, graceful, and accomplished MRS. SARAH HITE.

Nature on her has beam'd each shining grace,
Sense in her mind, and beauty in her face:
Mild in her train the virtues all attend,
Refine the woman, and exalt the friend."

ALEXANDRIA, June 10.

The Bill for laying an Embargo on Indian Corn by the Legislature of this Commonwealth, for a limited Time, mentioned in our last, was premature, as it was rejected in the Senate.

On Tuesday last died at Bladensburg, after a tedious illness, Mr. HENRY BRADFORD, of that Place.

NAVAL-OFFICE. ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Sloop Rachel, C. Cranston, from Maryland; Schooner Virginia, S. Davis, and Schooner Brave Surprise, E. Mears, Philadelphia; Schooner Amelia, T. Grayson, Oxford; Schooner Success, W. Wade, Barbadoes; Sloop Rebecca, S. Brown, Boston.

Cleared Outwards. Sloop Ranger, C. Ross, for Philadelphia; Ship Gustavus, J. Magee, Gottenburg; Schooner Amelia, T. Grayson, Maryland; Schooner Brave Surprise, E. Mears, Accomack; Ship Nostra S. Della, Morfide, Genoa.

WILLIAM LYLES,

HAS just imported from LONDON, and now opening in the House formerly occupied by Capt. Harper, a very general Assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable to the present Season, which he will sell, by the Piece or Package, on the most reasonable Terms, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco or short Credit.

Alexandria, June 9, 1784.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

On Saturday next, the 12th Instant, will be sold at Public Vendue, for Ready Money, before the Subscriber's Door, on Cameron-Street, opposite the Market, a Variety of Merchandize, viz.

WEST-India and Continental rum in hogheads and barrels, wines of different qualities, gin in kegs, Havana sugars, chocolate, soap, bobea and hyson teas, mustard, writing-paper, men's shoes, sailors' jackets, shirts and trousers, men's ready made cloth coats, German steel, scythes, crockery ware of most kinds, &c. &c. &c.

C. COPPER, Vendue-Master.

To be sold at private contract, a Lot and part of a Lot on Wilkes-Street—and a small well situated Lot on Prince-Street.—A House on Fairfax-Street to be rented.—To be exchanged for property in Virginia or Maryland, an Officer's Right to lands on the Oconie in Georgia, two Loan Office Certificates, dated June 1777, from said state, and a Register Officer's Certificate bearing interest, given in Philadelphia.

C. C.

Alexandria, May 9, 1784.

LOST or mislaid by the Subscriber, on the 2d Instant, two Memorandums, inspected for Alexander Smith, dated May 23, marked and numbered as follow: A. S. 855, 1226, 140, 1086; 875, 1016, 117, 899.

GRAY DOUGLASS.

Lately imported in the Schooner Success, WILLIAM WADE, Master, and to be Sold for Ready Money or good Flour, at the Store of Mr. JAMES LOWNES, in Fairfax-Street.

BARBADOES Spirits in Hogheads and Barrels, and a small Quantity of Mulcovado Sugars.

Alexandria, June 9, 1784.

I WILL sell low for cash, a LOT in the Town of Alexandria, situate on St. Asaph and Wilkes streets, containing about one third of an acre, subject to a ground-rent of three pounds fifteen shillings, specie, and an improvement not to contain less than four hundred square feet, within two years from the restoration of peace.—Also will rent for a term of years, a HOUSE and LOT on Fairfax-street.

One or two elegant GELDINGS for sale.

SAMUEL ARELL.

Alexandria May 24 1784.

I have also for sale a LOT in Fredericksburg.

Nicholas and Val. Peers,

HAVE just opened in this Place a general Assortment of GOODS, suitable to the Season, for which Produce will be taken at the highest Market Prices.—As they mean to keep the Assortment as general as possible, their Friends may always depend on being supplied.

Colechester, June 6, 1784.

The Brigantine John and

Ann, Capt. Jenkins, lying at this Place, takes in Tobacco, consigned to FORREST and STODDERT, London, at £. 7 Sterling, per Ton, and will send for it. The Tobacco will be insured at 10 Guineas per Hoghead, where no particular Directions are given to the contrary by the Shipper.—She will sail by the last of this Month.

BENJAMIN STODDERT.

George-Town, June 6, 1784.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.



RAN away from the Rope-Walk on the 27th ult. a Negro MAN, named ISHMAEL, has worked at the ropemaking business for several years; as he was purchased from Mr. Cornelius Calvert at Norfolk, it is probable he will make for that place or Baltimore, and endeavour to pass as a freeman.—He is a likely fellow, about 26 years of age, 5 feet, 8 or 9 inches high, is fond of strong liquor, and when drunk very impertinent: Had on a white cloth jacket, coarse shirt and trousers, round felt hat, shoes and buckles; but it is likely he will change his clothes and name.—Whoever will take him up and bring him home, if within the county shall receive Eight Dollars Reward, if forty miles from home Twelve Dollars, and if sixty miles the above Reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

DENNIS RAMSAY.

Alexandria, June 8, 1784.

N. B. All masters of Vessels and others are hereby forewarned from harbouring or carrying him off at their peril.

TO BE LET for a Term of Years, to commence the First of September next,

That very valuable Mill, known

by the name of Hite's New Mill, in the county of Berkeley.—This mill runs three pair of Stones, two pair of which are excellent French burrs, has a never failing stream of water, and is in every respect allowed to be one of the best mills on the continent. Also, an exceeding valuable and well improved Farm, adjoining said mill, on which is a good dwelling-house, barn, stables, and other necessary buildings, upwards of 200 acres of fresh plowland cleared, with a large quantity of meadow.—The situation is pleasant and healthy, and may be entered upon immediately.—In the disposal of the above Possessions particular attention will be paid to their preservation for the benefit of the orphans, to whom they now do, or may hereafter, belong.—With regard to the rent, the terms will be made easy to the tenant.

ALEXANDER WHITE.

Woodville, June 1, 1784.

BALTIMORE PACKET.

THE Schooner JOLLY TAR, John Humphries, Master, will ply as a Packet from Baltimore to Alexandria once a Fortnight.—She is very commodiously and comfortably fitted for Passengers, who may depend on good Treatment, sails remarkably well, and is completely rigged.—Any Gentleman wanting a Passage or Freight to Baltimore, or any Part of Potomack, may depend on the Captain's Care and Punctuality.—She will sail from Alexandria every 10th and 20th of each Month.

She now lies at Capt. Harper's Wharf, and will sail for Baltimore next Saturday.

June 8, 1784.

To be Sold to the highest Bidder on the First Monday in September next, at Cameron, in Fairfax County, if fair, if not the next fair Day,

TWENTY Virginia born SLAVES, amongst which are several very valuable men and women, and several likely boys and girls from 15 to 2 years of age.

Also, to be rented for a term of years, Four very valuable Plantations in Fairfax and Loudon counties, and possession given next Christmas.—To be sold, several blooded Horses, Mares and Colts, together with Plow Horses. Six Months Credit will be given the Purchasers, on giving bond, with security if required, and an allowance of 10 per cent. will be made for ready cash.

THOMAS WEST.

LEFT in the possession of the Subscriber in Maryland, opposite Alexandria, on the 26th of April last, a grey Horse, 14 hands and an half high, about 7 years old, paces, trots and gallops; with a new saddle and bridle. The person who left the Horse, &c. being unknown, is now requested to come, pay charges and take them away.

Maryland, May 14.

ROBERT SIMMS.

FOR SALE,

VIRGINIA LAND WARRANTS, for Fifty Thousand Acres, on the most reasonable Terms.—Inquire at the Printing-Office.

Alexandria, April 22, 1784.

Advertisements omitted this Week will have conspicuous Places in our next.

POETRY.

From a late LONDON PAPER.

TALLY-HO!

YE Statesmen draw near, who with riot and noise,
Hunt for prey in St. Stephen's wide field,
Who flutter in fears, or who wanton in joys,
And the contest for pow'r will not yield:
The North wind arises, a Fox is in view,
See he scuds through the valley below,
Opposition's slow pack his swift footsteps pursue.
Hark forward! Huzza! Tally-ho!

Silly Argument perch'd upon Lambeth's fat pig,
A grunting and galloping bies,
On a large prancing horse, Independence looks big,
And joins in the sportsman's loud cries:
Behold Secret Influence to mount is unfit,
Prerogative's Bubble lies low;
Ambition was thrown when it leaped at a Pitt,
Hark forward! Huzza! Tally-ho!

But Reynard, bold Reynard, gets on in the chase,
His art and his cunning prevail,
For the blustering North wind blows so full in their
face,
The unfeign'd hunters turn tail!
He leaps ev'ry hedge the old farmers had made,
And laughs at their visage of woe;
Old Fame will record all the tricks he has play'd,
Hark forward! Huzza! Tally-ho!

Just imported from London, in the Ship Tyger,
Capt. Harrison, a large and general Assortment
of GOODS, suitable for the season, and to be
Sold at Wholesale only, for Cash, Bills of Ex-
change, or Country Produce, by

HERBERT and POTTS,

At their Store on the Corner of Fairfax and Queen's
Streets, among which are

Superfine and second broadcloths of various co-
lours, scarlet, cinnamon, sky blue, buff, green,
and white cassimers; rattinets, shalloons, calaman-
coes, durants, tammies, yard wide and 7-8 Irish
linens, white and brown Russia and Irish sheeting,
Russia drabs, mens' brown and white thread hose,
womens' white thread ditto, mens' and womens'
fine cotton ditto, mens' best white silk ditto, ditto
patent silk and patent ribbed ditto, diaper, hucka-
bucks, Ravens duck, ofsnaburgs, rolls, plain, spot-
ted and died jeans and jeanets, died pillows, fuf-
tians, thicksets, round top cords, corded and India
dimitics, German cords, Marfeilles quilting of va-
rious prices, superfine India jean jacket patterns,
silk and check handkerchiefs, striped Hollands, cot-
ton stripes, blue, green, scarlet, crimson and yellow
cotton furniture checks; black and white fine satins
and pelongs, black, pink, blue, green and white
Perlians; a large assortment of the most fashionable
and changeable Mantuas and lustrings, bed bunts
and tickens, an elegant assortment of ribbons, sew-
ing silks and threads, silk, hair and scarf twist; black
and white French net, black and white Cyprus
gauze, white striped and Turkey ditto, silk striped,
figured, brocade, allover, and fouslee ditto; patent
nets, diaper and plain Holland tapes and bobbins,
fine thread and blond laces and edgings, cap and
skeleton wire, womens' fine silk quilted petticoats,
ladies' full trimmed fashionable hats and cloaks,
chip hats, silk laces, black and white catgut, wo-
mens' calamanco, lasting and satinet shoes; a large
assortment of womens' gloves and mits, men's beaver
and white grained gloves, gilt trunks in nests, paste-
boards, wafers, inkpowder, writing-paper of all
kinds, ivory and horn combs, painted hearth and
sweeping brooms, pepper, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon,
cloves, buckram, mens' and boys' hats, marline,
whip and sewing twine, single and double refined
sugar, grafs and cradling scythes, sickles, a large
assortment of nails, shot of various sizes, brimstone,
allum, copperas, white lead in small kegs, bar-lead,
copper tea-kettles, White-Chapel and common
needles, pocket looking-glasses, large elegant ditto,
a large assortment of snuff and tobacco boxes, gla's
and queen's ware assorted in crates, brass, japanned
and iron candlesticks; flates and pencils, whip, cross-
cut and hand saws; H, HL, T, butt, strap, and
dovetail hinges; carpenters' hammers, chisels,
gouges, plain-irons, augers, compasses, rules, and
squares; masons' and plasterers' hammers, broad
and narrow hoes, stock, plated and pad locks; brass
and iron rimmed door ditto, spike and common
gimlets; an assortment of saddlery, coffee-mills,
shoemakers' hammers and rasps, carpenters' adzes, a
variety of saw files, smiths' half round and flat ditto,
crossward, chest and cupboard locks; womens'
and taylor's thimbles, gilt and plated buttons, fan-
cy and death-head ditto, temple spectacles, &c.
Alexandria, May 25, 1784.

WANTED.

A Quantity of good merchantable WHEAT.—Ap-
ply to JOHN RUMNEY, who has for sale,
by Wholesale only, a general assortment of European
GOODS, just arrived from Whitehaven, in the brig
Prosperity and Ship Peggy.
Alexandria, May 27, 1784.

LEERTOUWER, HUYMAN, AND HUIBERTS,

At their Store adjoining Messieurs Hooe and Harrison's
House, in Water-Street, No. 6, have just import-
ed from Holland an Assortment of GOODS and
MERCHANDIZES, which they will sell by
Wholesale only, viz.

LINENS, ticklenburgs, ofsnaburgs, Russia drillings,
sheeting, Flemish linens, fine checks, broadcloths
of various colours, velvets, cordureys, French rafh,
damask, gauzes, Italian flowers, ribbons, spotted
chamofe, calicoes, shalloons, chintzes, gla's and queen's
ware, 8 by 10 window gla's, hatchets, carpenters'
tools, bandsaws, hammers with handles, flat and
half round files, with a variety of other articles.
They have also for sale New-England Rum in
hogheads and barrels.

Cash and Crop Tobacco only will be taken in
payment.
Alexandria, May 26, 1784.

FENCING-SCHOOL. Monsieur CLAUDIUS CHARVIN,

OFFERS his services to the gentlemen of this
town and vicinity, as a teacher of the art of
fencing, and intends opening a school immediately.—
His terms may be seen at the Printing-Office.
Alexandria, May 25, 1784.

JAMES ADAM,

HAS for sale coarse and fine Ship Bread, of a
good quality, and fine Bread in small cags, for
the West-India market, with which he can supply
any Masters of vessels and others with large or
small quantities, on reasonable terms for ready Mo-
ney.—He has also for sale, old Jamaica Spirits of
the first quality, either by the gallon or quarter cask;
imported Grindstones, fit for plantation use; Liver-
pool and Allum Salt.—He will allow a generous
price to any Millers or others for good middling
Flour.—He has three Rooms in the Public Ware-
house, on the County Wharf, to let, either by the
Month or Year.
Alexandria March 3.

JAMES HENDRICKS, AND COMPANY,

HAVE just received by the Ship Tyger, Capt.
Harrison, from London, a large and general
Assortment of Merchandize, suitable for the Sea-
son, which they are opening for Sale at their
Wholesale Store, on the most reasonable Terms for
Cash, Tobacco, Wheat, Flour, or good Bills of
Exchange on Europe.
Alexandria, May 25, 1784.

A CHARTER WANTED

 FOR the Ship ANN, of about 360
Hogheads burthen, to any Port in
Europe or the West-Indies: She is
now at Quantico.—Apply to
HUIE, REID, and CO.
Dumfries, May 24, 1784.

CONCORD ACADEMY.

BY Direction of the Trustees this public No-
tice is given, that the Masters from the Uni-
versity at Aberdeen, particularly recommended,
being arrived, this Academy will be opened the 8th
of June next, in which the Latin, Greek and French
Languages, the English Grammar, Book-Keeping,
and every Branch of the Mathematics, natural
Philosophy, Geography and Astronomy, will be
taught.

The Price of Tuition Five Guineas, and of
Board in the Academy, including every necessary
except Bedding (which the Students must provide)
Fifteen Guineas per annum, one Half to be paid at
Entrance and the other Half at the Expiration of
Six Months.
JESSE EWELL.

Prince William County, May 14, 1784.

RAN away from his Master on the 24th instant,
JAMES MELVIN, an indentured servant to
John Easton, by trade a taylor, of a pale complexion,
5 feet 7 inches high, about 22 years of age, and dres-
sed in sailor's clothes. Any person who will take up
and secure the above described Lad, and give infor-
mation thereof to the abovesaid JOHN EASTON,
Ship Master in Alexandria, shall receive a Reward
of TEN DOLLARS, and all necessary charges paid.
May 27, 1784.

Alexandria, March 4, 1784.

THE Subscriber has for Sale, in this Town
undry LOTS, or Parcels of GROUND
on several Streets, and well situated.

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

THE Brigantine CONCORD, Capt. JOHN
EASTON, now lying at Alexandria, will
take in Tobacco on Freight, with Liberty of Con-
signment for LIVERPOOL, at £. 7 Sterling per
Ton brought alongside. Two-Thirds of her Car-
go is already engaged, and she will certainly fail
in the Course of 14 Days. She is a strong firm built
Vessel, a prime Sailer, and has good Accommo-
dations for Passengers. Apply to KIRK and
BOWDON.

Alexandria, June 3, 1784.

STRAYED or stolen from the Subscriber, living
in Caroline County, near Port-Royal, on the 13th
of April last, a large sorrel MARE, about five feet
high, neither docked nor branded, her tail not very
long, five years old this spring, has a small blaze in
her face, but it does not reach to her nose, has two
white spots in one of her hips, trots and gallops well,
is of the English blood, and shod before.—Whoever
will bring the said Mare to me, or give me informa-
tion where she is, so that I get her again, shall receive
FORTY SHILLINGS Reward, and if out of this
State FIVE POUNDS, paid by

JOHN CATLET.

May 24, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

ACORNER LOT of GROUND, in the Town
of Alexandria, fronting King-Street 32 feet
10 inches, and running deep on Pitt-Street 176 feet,
on which are a commodious store-house, counting
and lodging rooms, a room above for opening goods,
and a good cellar; also a convenient dwelling-house,
fit for the reception of a large family, with a good
cellar underneath, and a place in it which answers
well for a kitchen.—The premises are rented to the
first of May, 1785, and the purchaser may receive
the rent.—For Terms apply to

H. MCABE.

Leeburg, May 27, 1784.

STAGES.

THE following is the line of the Stages, com-
mencing at New-York, viz. From New-York
to Philadelphia in one day—to Baltimore in two
days—to Alexandria in one day—and to Frederickf-
burg in one day, at the following prices: From
New-York to Philadelphia Four Dollars, from
Philadelphia to Baltimore Six Dollars and Two
Thirds, from Baltimore to Alexandria Three
Crowns, from Alexandria to Frederickburg Four
Dollars, 150 pounds weight of baggage to be the
same price as a passenger, each passenger to be al-
lowed 14lb. of baggage, and every pound more to
be paid in proportion as above described.—Three
seats will be reserved in each Stage for passengers
that wish to proceed further, and other passengers
must take their chance.—Passengers are requested
to bring their baggage and pay freight the evening
before the Stage sets off, as they will start precisely
at Five o'Clock.—Any passenger taking a seat
and not going forfeits the money paid, unless he
informs the Clerk the evening before, in which
case he shall be intitled to a seat in the next Stage,
or his money returned.—The Stage will go from
Alexandria to Baltimore every Tuesday, Thursday,
and Saturday in each week; from Alexandria to
Fredericksburg every Tuesday and Saturday; and
from Fredericksburg to Richmond on Monday and
Wednesday, and leave Richmond on Tuesday and
Thursday for Fredericksburg again.—Should any
baggage, sent in the Stage as freight, be lost after
being regularly entered, the proprietors to be ac-
countable, unavoidable accidents only excepted.
—Every passenger going in the Stage to have the
charge of his own baggage.—Money carried and
insured at Two and an Half per cent.—The pub-
lic may depend on our furnishing good horses and
carriages, and every attention paid, by their obedi-
ent humble servants,

NATHANIEL TWINING, and CO.

June 3, 1784.

No letters or small packages will be received
at the Stage-Offices, except from Subscribers, for the
future.

FOR GLASGOW.

 THE Ship ROBINA, Neil McNeil,
Master, will sail in ten days.—Also,
the Brig MINERVA, John Boyd,
Master, will sail by the first of July,
at farthest.—Both vessels are loading in Rappahan-
nock River.—For freight or passage apply to Mes-
sieurs HUNTER, ALLISON, and COMPANY,
Merchants in Alexandria, Messieurs M'WILLI-
AMS and WEIR, Fredericksburg, the Captains
on Board, or the Subscribers.

JOHN PENMAN, and CO.

Both vessels sail remarkably fast, and have
good accommodations for passengers.

Fredericksburg, May 22, 1784.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE
RICHARDS, and COMPANY, at the Cor-
ner of Fairfax and Prince's Streets—by whom
Advertisements, &c. are thankfully received for
this Paper,—and where Printing is performed
with Care and Expedition.